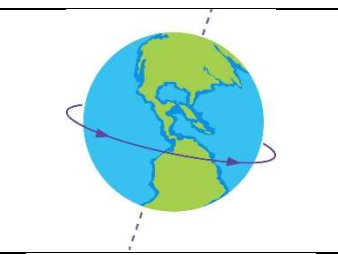
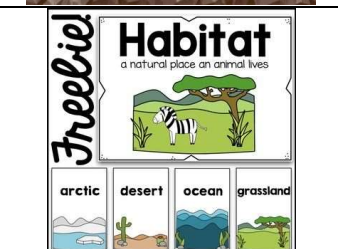
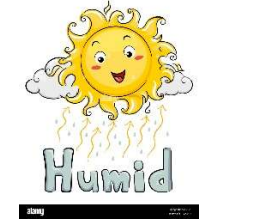
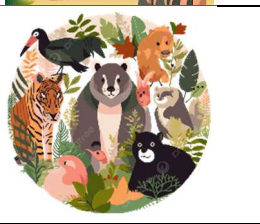




Geography Knowledge Organiser - Year 4 Do Brazilian citizens show respect for their country? (Rainforests)



Vocabulary	Definition	Picture
Deforestation	Cutting down and clearing forests.	
Endangered	A species which is at high risk of extinction.	
Equator	An imaginary line running around the middle of the Earth.	
Extinction	When a species of animal dies out forever.	
Habitat	The natural home or environment of an animal.	

Vocabulary	Definition	Picture
Humid	A hot, damp climate with a lot of water vapour in the air.	
Native tribes	The original inhabitants of an area.	
Species	A group of similar animals or plants (e.g. gorilla).	
Tropical rainforest	A dense forest, with high levels of rainfall, found around the tropical climate zone.	

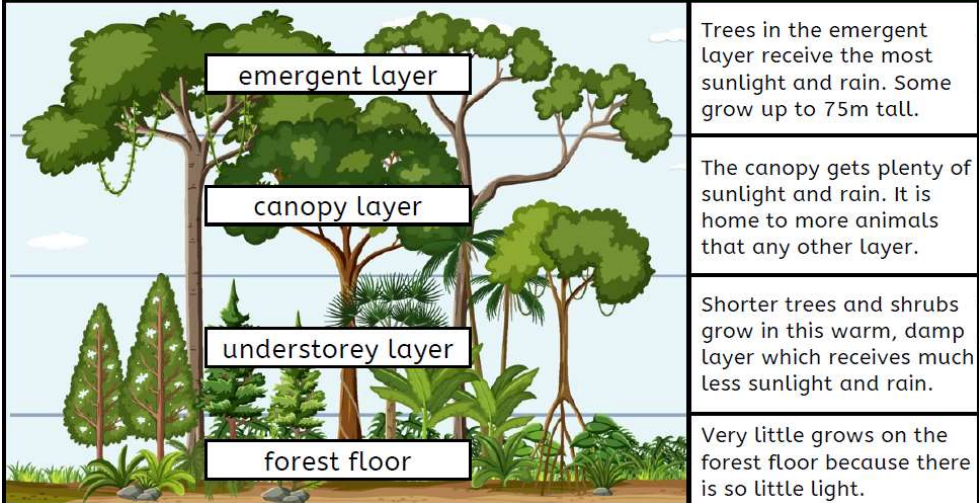


Geography Knowledge Organiser - Year 4

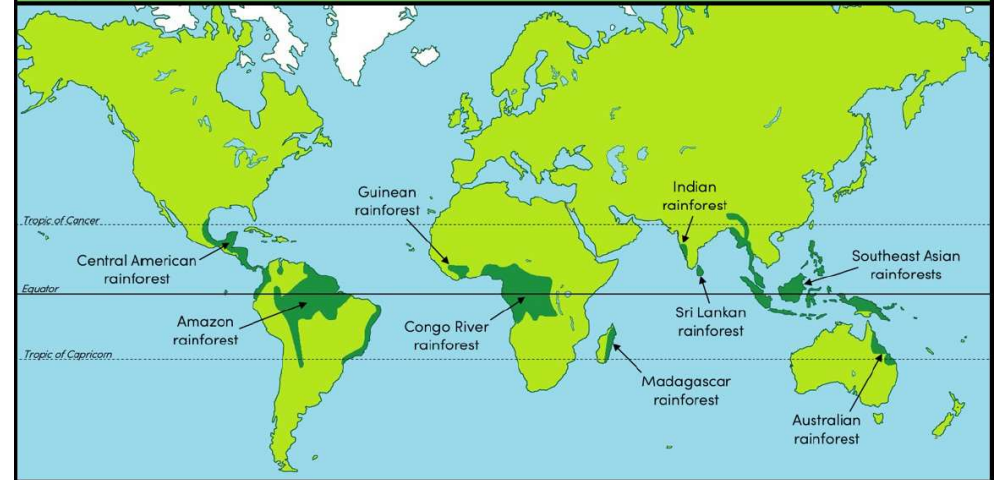
Do Brazilian citizens show respect for their country? (Rainforests)



Layers of a tropical rainforest:



Map of tropical rainforests:



Key facts about tropical rainforests:

- **Tropical rainforests** are found near the Equator in the tropical climate zone between the tropic of Cancer and the tropic of Capricorn.
- Although they only cover 6% of Earth's land, **tropical rainforests** are home to more than half the world's plant and animal **species**.
- **Tropical rainforests** are hot and **humid** with temperatures between 21-30°C all year round. It usually rains every day.
- About 50 million people live in or depend on **tropical rainforests**, including around 1000 **native tribes** worldwide.

Deforestation:

Over half of the world's **tropical rainforests** have been chopped down. People cut down trees:

- to create fields for farming crops or cattle
- to produce timber for wood products
- to make space for housing



Positive impacts:

- Provides wood for useful products.
- Homes can be built for people.
- Farming produces more food.
- Creates jobs for people.

Negative impacts:

- **Species** of animals/plants go **extinct**.
- **Native tribes** lose their homeland.
- New medicines cannot be developed.
- Speeds up global warming.